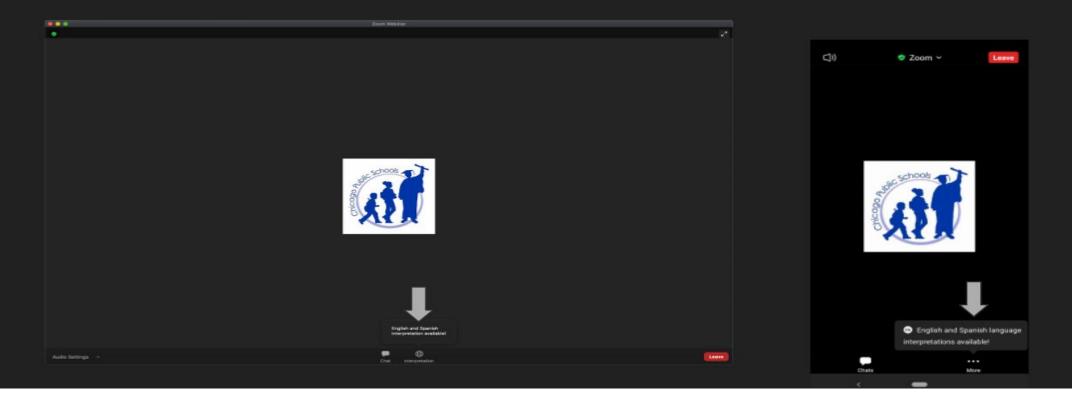
Welcome!



To access Spanish interpretation click the icon labeled interpretation in the bottom of your Zoom Window



USE CHAT or Q&A and pay attention to the chat to engage during the presentation. (click so that "Chat" is visible)

Today's Goals



Today's objectives:

- <u>Recap</u> the FY25 capital planning process and budget
- <u>Continue to build CPS communities' understanding of the district's capital planning process</u>
- <u>Consult</u> families and collect feedback on capital budget priorities

Questions to think about:

- 1. **CAPITAL BUDGET PRIORITIES:** Which are most important for you and your community?
- 2. **ENHANCED PUBLIC ENGAGEMENT:** How to inform communities of the capital planning process and how to engage with more families throughout this process?

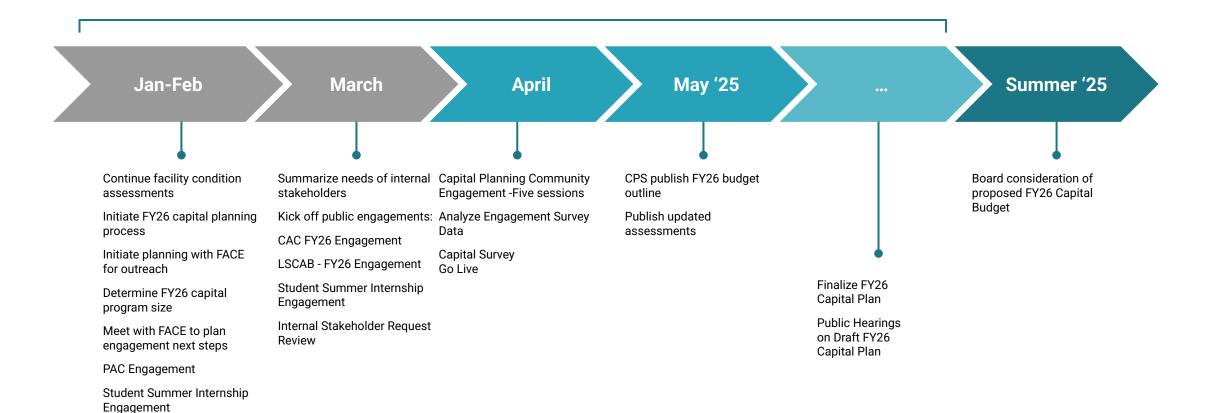
Please remember to take the SURVEY (cps.edu/capitalmeetings)



2

FY26 Capital Planning Timeline





Chicago Public

CPS Presenters





Zahra Naqi-Hasnain

Equity Data Strategist



Venny Dye

Executive Director, Capital Planning and Construction



Ivan Hansen

Chief Facilities Officer



Topics for Discussion



Our Goals:

- To <u>recap</u> FY25 Capital Plan
- To <u>build</u> CPS communities' understanding of the district's capital planning process
- To <u>consult</u> families and collect feedback on capital priorities and improving community engagement

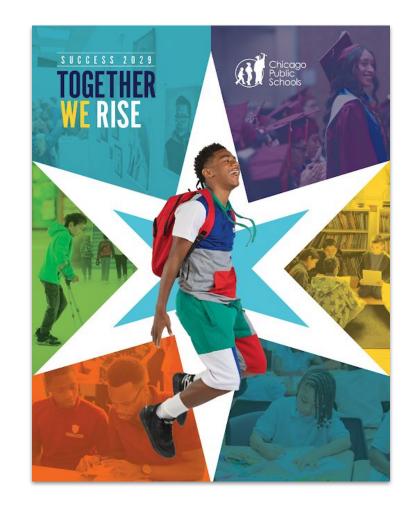
- Equity Index Factors
- 2 | CPS Building Portfolio
- 3 | Understanding CPS Budgets Recap FY25
- 4 | Capital Planning Approach
- 5 | Capital Budget Categories





Transformed Philosophy #3: How We Invest in Schools and Communities

"Based on the principle of **Targeted Universalism**, we recognize that providing the same amount of resources to students and schools with different lived experiences, assets, and challenges will maintain the status quo of unequal achievement, and we are dedicated to ensuring that our investments reflect the diverse needs of our students and communities."





Defining Equity



EQUITY MEANS

CPS defines equity as championing the individual cultures, identities, talents, abilities, languages, and interests of each student by ensuring they receive the opportunities and resources that meet their unique needs and aspirations⁴. In an equitable school district, every student has access to the resources, opportunities, and educational rigor they need, irrespective of their race, ethnicity*, gender, gender identity*, sexual orientation, language, learning path, accessibility needs, family background, family income, citizenship, or tribal status.



Our Approach to Equity







Defining Resource Equity



The goal of **resource equity** is to create equitable student experiences for every child. **Resource equity** means consistently prioritizing and allocating people, time, and money to align with levels of need and opportunity.

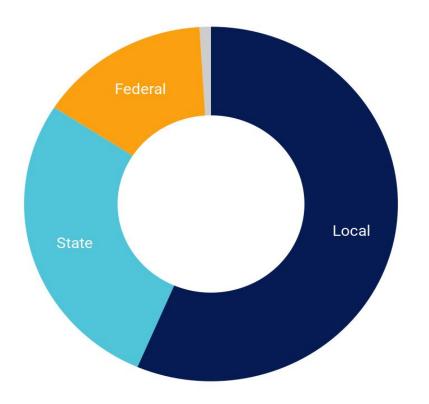




FY25 CPS School Funding (RECAP)



Where does CPS get its funding?



FY2025 CP**S@PERATING?**BUDGET — \$8.4 Billion 95 cents of every dollar in the budget directly supports schools

How does CPS allocate its

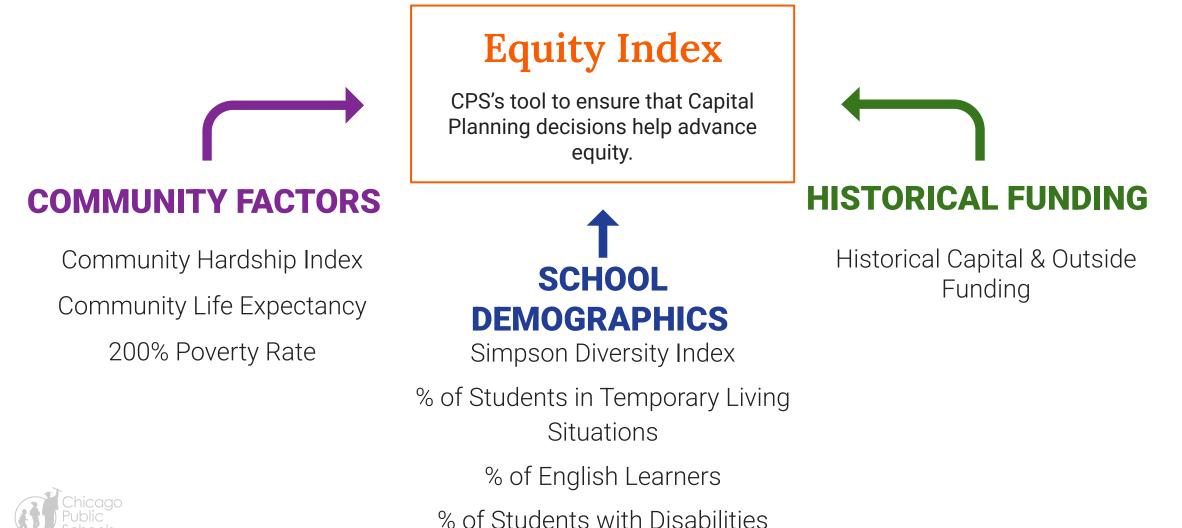


Note: Totals include all operating and debt service revenues



CPS Equity Index





School Demographic Factors



SCHOOL DEMOGRAPHICS

Simpson Diversity Index

% of Students in Temporary Living Situations

% of English Learners

% of Students with Disabilities

Likelihood that two students at random will be the same race (measures how not diverse a school is).

CPS students that lack a fixed, regular, and adequate nighttime residence. CPS schools and networks provide assistance in removing these barriers to qualified Students in Temporary Living Situations (STLS), including the provisions of services such as transportation, school uniforms, school supplies, fee waivers, and referrals to community resources.

Assists in providing resources to schools that provide significant resources to emerging English language learners.

Assists in providing resources to schools that provide significant resources to diverse learners (special education programs).



Community Factors & Historical Funding Factors



COMMUNITY FACTORS

Community Hardship Index	Average Chicago Community Hardship Index (measure of concentrated disadvantage based on 6 socioeconomic indicators of public health significance) based on students' residing community area.
Community Life Expectancy	Average community life expectancy based on students' residing community area.
200% Poverty Rate	Low-income students come from families whose income is within 200 percent of the federal poverty line. This is based on students' residing census tract.

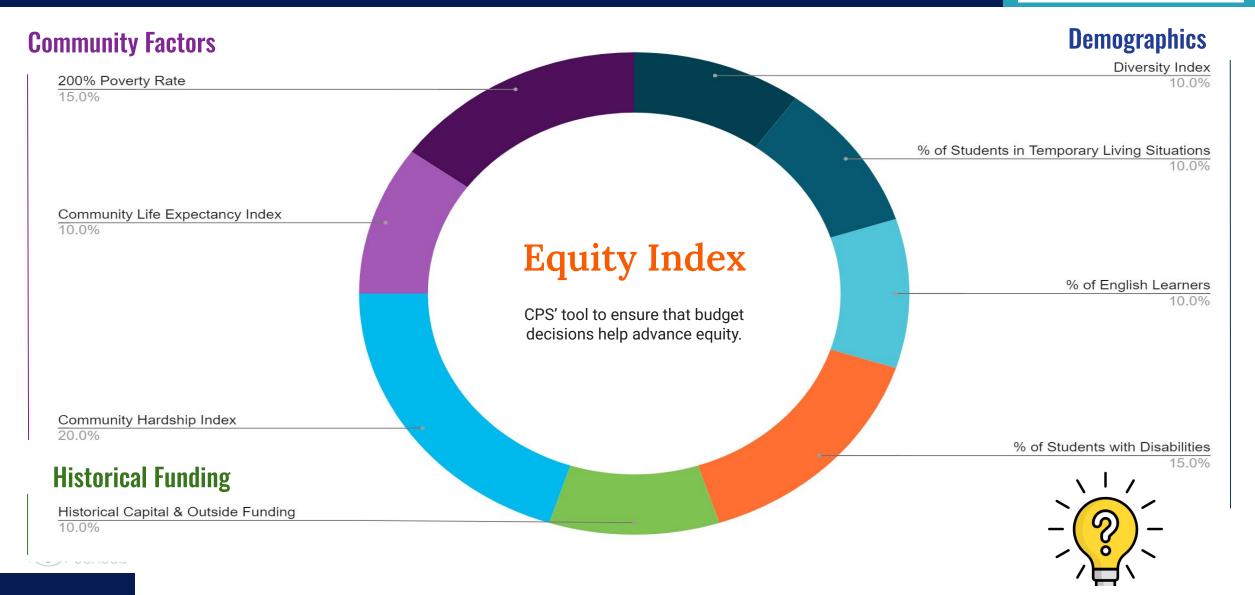
HISTORICAL FUNDING

Historical Capital & Outside Funding

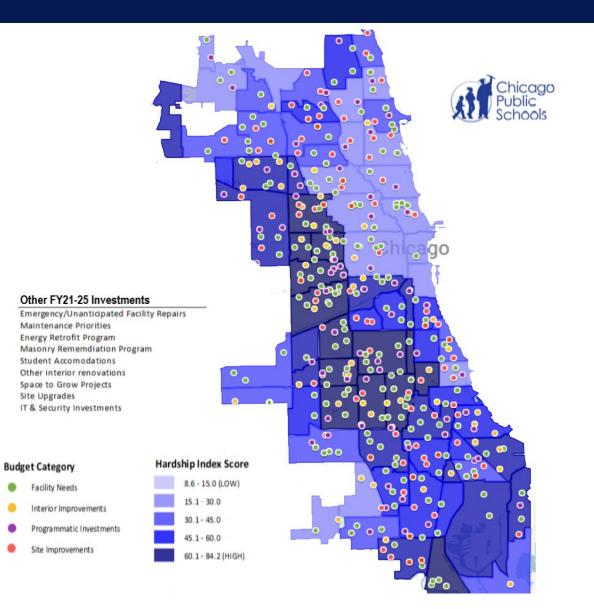
Total amount of Capital and Outside (Tax Increment Funding (TIF) funds, state funding, and other outside sources (e.g., Friends of Dollars) as they become identified) funds between 2008-2023.

Current Equity Index Weights













FY26 Capital Plan Community Engagement Session

The CPS Operations Spirit





Be Humble

Authenticity, Vulnerability, & Relational Leadership

Key Principle: Embrace humility and openness, recognizing that everyone contributes to our shared

Continuous Improvement Through Self-Reflection & Learning

Key Principle: Pursue daily improvement – progress defines our journey



Building Portfolio



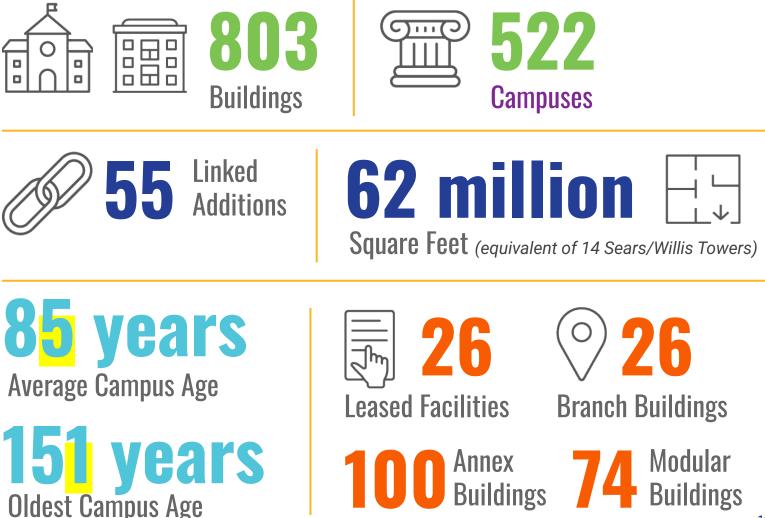
CPS' buildings portfolio is large and diverse

CPS has significant facility needs because of the size and the age of the building portfolio

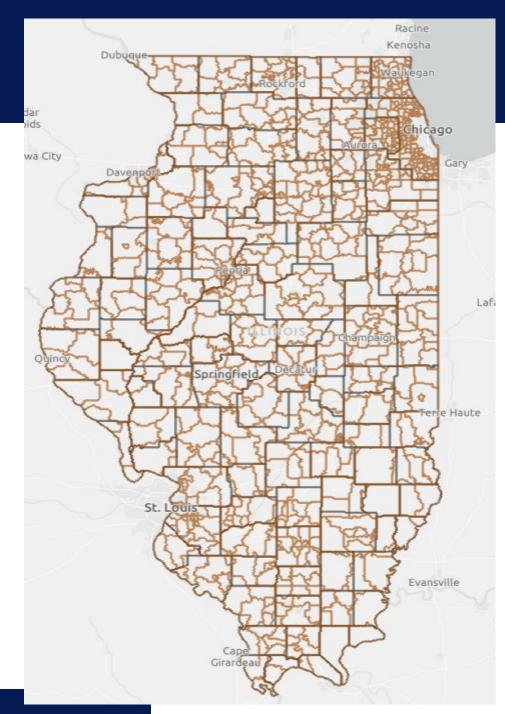
Given the overall size and need of the facility portfolio, along with continued budget constraints, Capital budgeting necessitates a needs-based prioritization approach focusing on "critical needs"

The total immediate critical need is more than





*Based on 2021-22 facility condition assessments. The critical need will be updated based on the latest round of 2023-24 assessments that are just concluding.



Illinois School Districts



District	Schools	Students
CPS	522	~285,000
U-46	51	~34,000
Rockford	44	~27,000
Prairie Community	32	~26,000
Plainfield	30	~25,000

Breakdown of Facility Needs

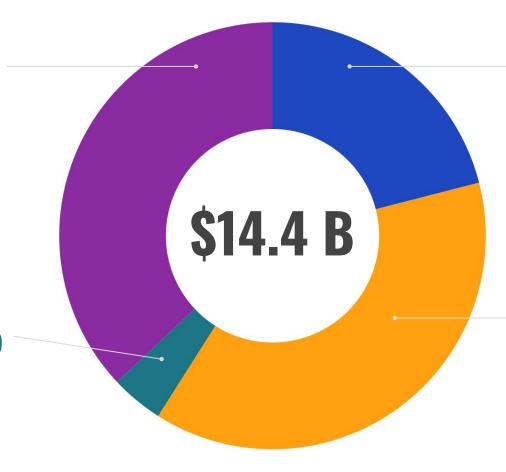


37% Facility Upgrades

Upgrades including finishes (paint, finishes, ceilings), lighting upgrades and other classroom upgrades. These upgrades will enhance the learning environment while also increasing the building energy efficiency.

4% ADA Accessibility

Accessibility needs to make a campus accessible based on the 2021-22 facility Condition assessments. These upgrades will provide equitable access for all.



21%

Immediate Critical Needs

Critical system facility needs such as building envelope (windows, roofs, masonry) and mechanical heating and cooling systems over the next 5 years based upon the 2021-22 facility condition assessments. These upgrades will result in energy buildings with enhanced indoor air quality.

38%

Long Term Critical Needs

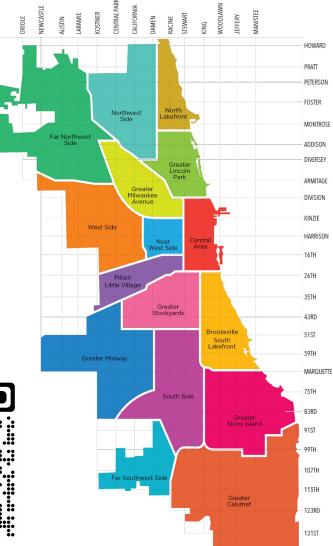
Critical system facility needs such as building envelope (windows, roofs, masonry) and mechanical heating and cooling systems from 6 to 10 years based upon the 2021-22 facility condition assessments. These upgrades will result in energy efficient buildings with enhanced indoor air quality.

Capital Renovation Project Engagement

CPS initiated Educational Facilities Master Planning (EFMP) meetings for Capital planning in 2023/24

- 16 community meetings conducted one in every <u>Planning Area</u>
- Conducted five <u>Capital Community Engagement</u> sessions with a survey for community feedback
- The survey had over 1,400 respondents
- Survey findings highlights were incorporated into FY25 Capital budget.
 - The feedback from the survey agreed with the current fac and methodology for the equity index
 - Facility needs category received the highest rating in the survey







Alignment with 5 Year Strategic Plan



Every Student

Focus on Capital projects prioritization in collaboration with the Office of Equity - align with our District's Black Student Success Plan

Continue to address Accessibility improvements - supporting our Students with Disabilities



Every School

Provide a clean, warm, safe, and dry facility with adequate space and modernized amenities and infrastructure to ensure equitable access to a 21st century learning environment for all students

Modernization of Technology and Systems through Capital improvements



Chicago Public School

Every Community

Support investments with Community Voice for Community Schools



Understanding CPS Budgets



CPS Budget Types

Capital: Used for construction, renovations, and infrastructure-based technology

Operating: Used for day-to-day functions of the schools and facilities

Debt: Used to make annual payments on bonds and other loans



Building Needs - Capital vs Operating & Maintenance



Capital Budget

Scope

- Major Renovation / Programmatic Investments / New Construction
 - Roof & windows
 - Mechanical, electrical & plumbing
 - Site Investments (parking lot, playground)

Schedule Few months to 2+ Years

Facilities Operating & Maintenance

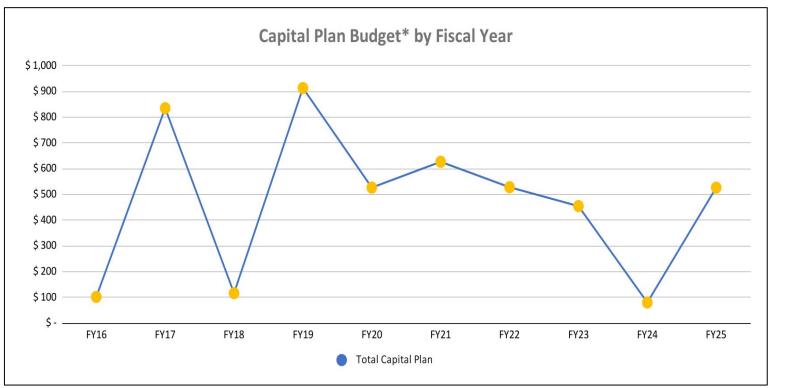
Scope

- Day-to day Operations/Maintenance
 - Custodial Services
 - Landscaping/Snow removal
 - Waste Services
 - *Electric/Gas (supply & distribution)*
- Minor Repairs

Schedule Days to weeks



Historical Capital Budgets



- CPS has significant building needs
- Overall need exceeds annual funding levels

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- Historically, annual funding levels are variable
- Prioritization is critical

Note: *Excludes outside funding and capital support services

Capital budgets vary annually so project prioritization is critical.



RECAP - Capital Budget Priorities and Community Feedback









RECAP - FY25 Capital Budget

The FY 2025 capital budget was limited to \$100 million of CPS funding that focused on:

- Leveraged outside funding (\$55 million)

Budget Category	FY25 Budget* (\$Millions)			
Facility Needs	\$303.87			
Interior Improvements	\$83.02			
Programmatic Investments	\$57.00			
Overcrowding Relief	\$0.00			
IT, Security, and Other Investments	\$56.03			
Site Improvements	\$26.72			
Capital Project Support Services	\$23.00			
Total FY25 Capital Plan:	\$549.64			



*Excludes potential outside funding

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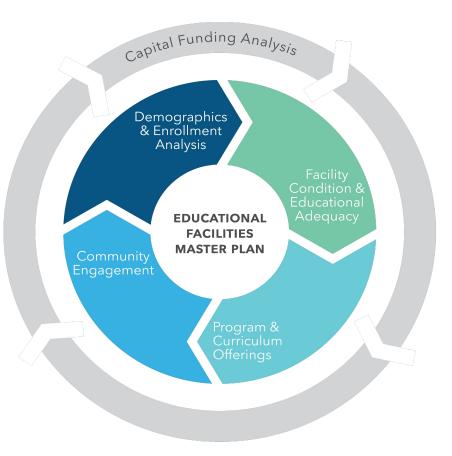
FY26 CPS Capital Planning: Our Approach



For capital planning, **CPS prioritizes** projects based on need.

CPS' capital plan will **focus on equity and transparency**

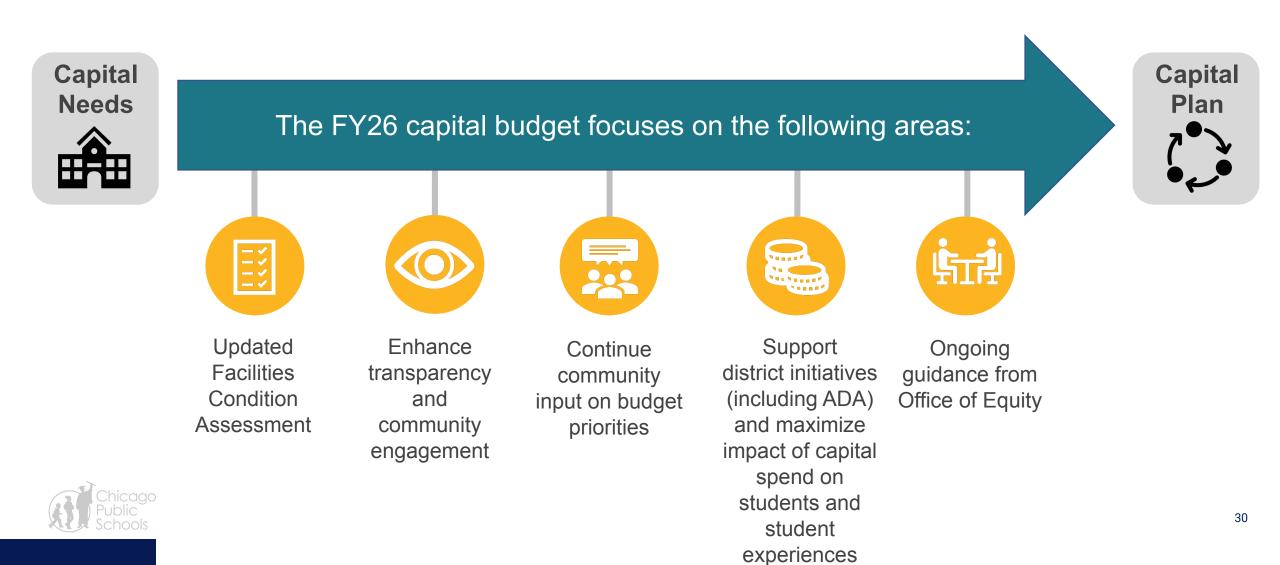
Align with educational initiatives and available capital funding





CPS Capital Planning: Our Process





Facilities Condition Assessment Latest Update

Program Overview

The facilities condition assessment is a visual inspection used to capture and record each building system's condition and to inventory built-in facility features such as total building count, overall square footage, count of rooms/spaces, etc.

Program Posting

The reports for the 2023-2024 assessments will be made available in May on cps.edu.

In a continued effort to enhance transparency, CPS has developed a *dedicated facilities assessment webpage*

(https://www.cps.edu/services-and-supports/school-facilities/facility -condition-assessment/) which provides a single location to retrieve information on the facilities assessment process and a searching function to download the assessment report for any CPS owned and operated facility.

Chicago Public Schools

Air Force Academy High School 3630 S Wells STREET, Chicago, IL 60609

Facility Assessment Report

This report contains the detailed findings of the facility condition assessment completed on the date noted in the document footer. Assessors rate each facility item by visual observation only, they do not test the operation of equipment or perform destructive testing of walls, ceilings, or floors. Each facility item is ranked on a 7-point scale: a rank 7 means the item is new or in like-new condition and no work is required while rank 1 means the item has failed and has led to an inmediate life safety condition¹. The remaining ranks generally means that the item requires regular maintenance (rank 5 or 6) or full replacement (rank 2, 3 or 4). To enhance reporting and capital planning analysis, each assessed item must also be assigned a recommended replacement range (used to specify the time span, in years, before replacement is recommended). Definitions for Quantity and Unit of Measure (UOM) can be found at the end of this report.

For additional detail and definition on rank values as they relate to each assessed item or the recommended replacement range, please visit the "CPS Guide to Biennial Facility Assessments" found on the Facilities Standards webpage under CPS Policies and Guidelines at http://www.cps.edu/About_CPS/Policies_and_guidelines/Pages/facilitystandards.aspx

Campus	Summary							
Building	Name				onstructed	d Number	of Floors	Building Area (Sq Ft)
Main				_	1949		2	18,360
Addition	1				54		2	11,792
Addition	2				15		2	38,154
Campus	Total						1990	68,306
Catego	ry : Exterior			uilding	: Main			
	1. A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A					Recommend		
Group	Item - Type	Location	Juan	UOM	Rank	Replacement	Comments	
	Entrance							
	Entrance Control - Audio	2	1	EA	6	6-10 years		
	Exterior Doors - Exterior FRP Door	2	2	EA	6	6-10 years		
	Exterior Doors - Transom Lite	2 2 2 2	2	EA	6	6-10 years		
	Exterior Stairs - Concrete	2	10	LF	5	6-10 years	Pieces of cor	crete missing on wider
							first stair of E	
	Exterior Stairs - Stone	2	68	LF	6	10+ years		
	Exterior Doors - Exterior FRP Door	3 3	2	EA	6	6-10 years		
	Exterior Doors - Transom Lite	3	2	EA	6	6-10 years		
	Exterior Stairs - Concrete	3	10	LF	5	10+ years		
	Exterior Stairs - Stone	3	68	LF	6	10+ years		
	Exterior Doors - Exterior Steel Door	3.5 Basement Mechanical Room	1	EA	6	6-10 years		
	Exterior Doors - Transom Lite	3.5 Basement Mechanical Room	1	EA	6	6-10 years		
	Exterior Stairs - Concrete	3.5 Basement Mechanical Room	60	LF	6	10+ years		
	Stair Handrail - Steel_Stair Handrail	3.5 Basement Mechanical Room	30	LF	6	10+ years		
	Foundation							
	Foundation - Concrete	Entire Building	355	LF	7	10+ years		
	Superstructure - Concrete	Entire Building	18,360	SF	7	10+ years		
	Lighting							
	Exterior Lighting - Parapet or Roof Mounted	Entire Building	2	EA	6	6-10 years		

FY25 Capital Needs - Budget Priorities









Increased Investment in Building Accessibility

ADA Investment Strategy

• Support CPS' long-range initiative, in coordination with Mayor's Office, by providing each campus with:





Roof/Envelope Needs



Typical Scope: Roof replacement / Window replacement / Masonry replacement **Typical Schedule:** 1 - 2 years (majority of work over summer break)

Impact to Learning Environment



Accelerated deterioration of crucial systems (i.e. roofs)

Collateral damage to other systems (i.e. plaster, paint, ceilings, floor tile)



Potential impact to facilities operation



Risk of health and safety issues, such as crumbling lead paint, air quality, and/or mold growth



Greater cost to repair







Temporary stabilization of brick erosion



Mechanical, Electrical & Plumbing Needs



Typical Scope: Heating (boiler) or cooling (chiller) replacements / Lighting upgrades / Piping replacements Typical Schedule: 1 - 2 years

Impact to Learning Environment



Potential air quality issues for students



System failures (i.e., gas leak, burst pipes)

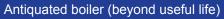


Risk of student relocation during extreme temperatures



More efficient and environmentally friendly systems





Failing heat distribution piping







Restroom Upgrades



Typical Scope: Student bathroom renovation including new finishes and fixture replacements **Typical Schedule:** 6 months - 1 year (majority of work over summer break)

Impact to Learning Environment



Health/sanitation issues



Potential for non-operational fixtures/bathrooms



Increase of trip/slip hazards



Efficient and environmentally friendly fixtures and accessories



Safe, clean, and user-friendly facilities





Programmatic Investments



Typical Scope: Renovated or new classrooms to support various district lead initiatives (Pre-K expansion, HS science lab upgrades, STEM, STEAM, etc.) **Typical Schedule:** 6 months - 1 year (majority of work over summer break)

Impact to Learning Environment



Modernizing classrooms to support 21st century learning environments

1	

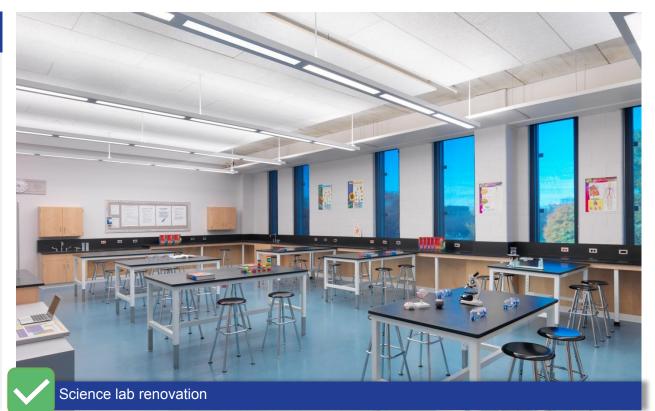
Increased availability of high-quality program spaces



New and improved equipment and flexible layouts



Mitigate potential environmental concerns (e.g., lead, asbestos)





Overcrowding Relief



Typical Scope: New building construction (annex/addition, new school, modular/portable classrooms) **Typical Schedule:** 1 – 3 years

Impact to Learning Environment



Protect ancillary programs that are often eliminated or downgraded due to lack of space



Avoid the need for non-conducive learning environment (e.g., closets used as classrooms)

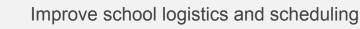


Resolve building code violation(s)



Ð

Create a more individualized learning experience







IT & Security Investments



Typical Scope: Internet access for enhanced learning, cameras, intercom phones, alarms, and screening equipment **Typical Schedule:** 1 year

Impact to Learning Environment

	_
 	_

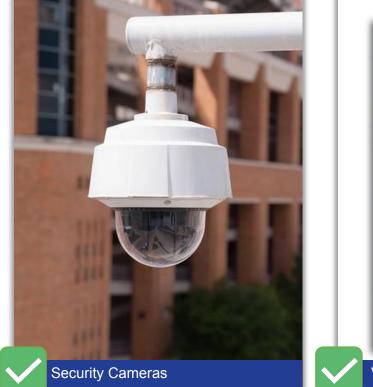
Help prevent technology issues that impact student learning, data security, and virtual testing



Encourage computer skill development and update aging equipment



Impact overall student, staff, and visitor safety and security







Playground Improvements



Typical Scope: New/replacement playground **Typical Schedule:** 6 months - 1 year

Impact to Learning Environment



Increase student/visitor injuries



Risk closure of playground (possible community impact)



Generally, inaccessible for all student populations (including students with disabilities)







Parking Lot Repairs/Replacements



Typical Scope: Removal and replacement of deficient parking lots (e.g., potholes, inadequate lighting, etc.) **Typical Schedule:** 6 months - 2 years

Impact to Learning Environment



Hazards may cause injury (slips/falls) to staff or visitors



Safety risk in low lit areas



Poor security measures/surveillance



More efficient traffic flow, space utilization, and pavement markings



Use of more sustainable materials





Student Recreation and Athletic Resources

Typical Scope: Renovated/replacement student recreation and athletic resources/facilities **Typical Schedule:** 1 - 2 years

Impact to Learning Environment



Generally, inaccessible for all student populations (including students with disabilities)



Risk closure of athletic resource such as a pool or track (possible community impact)



Promotes healthy and active engagement for all students.











Modular Refurbishment Program



Typical Scope: Renovate, replace or remove existing modular buildings **Typical Schedule:** 1 - 2 years

Impact to Learning Environment



Accelerated deterioration of crucial systems (i.e. roofs, siding, mechanical equipment, interior finishes)



Potential impact to facilities operation



Risk of health and safety issues, such as crumbling lead paint, air quality, and/or mold growth



Provide conducive learning environment that is equivalent to a permanent building experience









Space Efficiency and Building Quality



Based on public feedback and school requests, **Space Efficiency** is a new budget category added in FY25 that is developing deep dives into the buildings' portfolio to:

- Determine if there are sections of a building that can be reconfigured to reduce operational costs, or increase efficiencies in building operations
- Determine if there are obsolete buildings that should be demolished or replaced, and
- Determine if there are campuses that are overcrowded with no other solutions other than a capital investment to relieve the overcrowding.

Building Quality Index is a new metric for overall building quality that is currently under development. It considers the following factors:

- Facility Condition Score is an indicator for condition combining the Facility Condition Index and Weighted Rank
- Space Adequacy measures the degree to which a facility supports modern teaching and learning
- Modernization score is based on the average age of the campus assuming older facilities are more difficult to modernize than newer facilities. Additional metric to factor in recent investments (last 10 years).
- ADA Accessibility measures the degree to which a campus is accessible in a variety of criteria.





Capital Prioritization: Capital Budget Categories

Collect public input on **prioritizing** the following capital needs:



Roof/Envelope Needs

Major renovation or replacement of masonry, roof, or window systems



Programmatic Investments Modernize classrooms to provide 21st century learning environments



Playground Replacements Replace playgrounds that are obsolete or inadequate for the student population



Mechanical, Electrical & **Plumbing Needs**

Repair or replace mechanical, electrical, and plumbing systems that may function but are inefficient and require costly maintenance



Overcrowding Relief Alleviate overcrowding at schools across the district



Parking Lot Repairs/Replacements

Repair or replace parking lots that are in poor condition or have inadequate lighting and security measures



Restroom Upgrades

Restrooms in poor condition (finishes and partitions), non-functioning fixtures, or inadequate ventilation



IT & Security Investments Support the district's critical IT systems and provide new and security equipment to schools



Student Recreation and Athletic Resources

Repair or replace student athletic resources/facilities that are in poor condition, including existing natatoriums, turf fields, tracks and stadiums



Space Efficiency Review of campuses for efficient use of space and resources



Energy Efficiency & Sustainability Category for sustainability focused projects



Modular Refurbishment Program

Renovate, replace or remove existing modular V buildings in poor condition across the current portfolio



Q&A Discussion





cps.edu/capitalmeetings Survey available online until May 17,2025

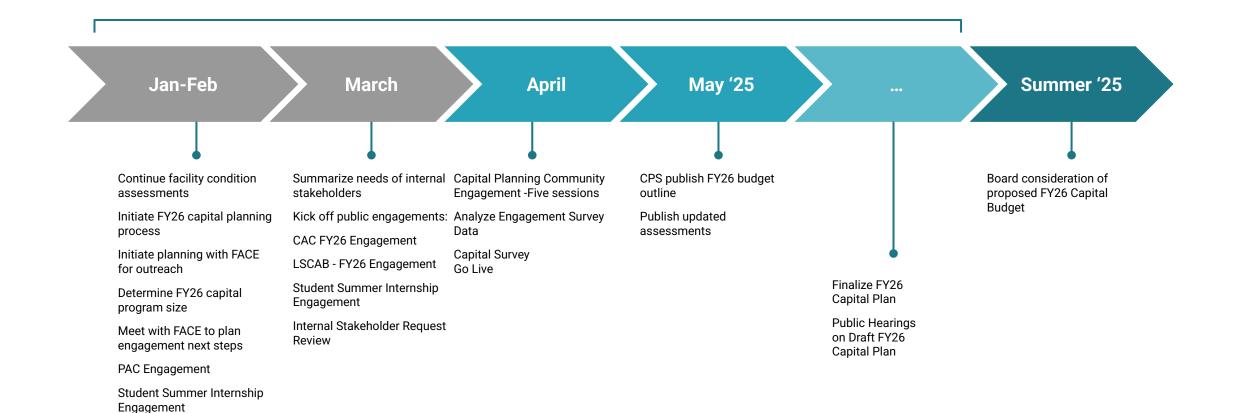






FY26 Capital Planning Timeline





Chicago Public Schools

PLEASE COMPLETE THE SURVEY





cps.edu/capitalmeetings Survey available online until May 17,2025









Thank You We're excited to hear your feedback